



DARBOY JOINT SANITARY DISTRICT NO.1

2026 NEWSLETTER AND CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT (WATER QUALITY REPORT) www.darboysanitary.com

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Happy New Year

The Darboy Sanitary District hopes this annual newsletter finds you safe and healthy. Although some information now appears on our website, the District is required to send certain information directly to our customers. In compliance with this requirement, this newsletter has information about the following:

- **Water and Sewer Rates.** The Public Service Commission of Wisconsin requires this information to be delivered to water customers once per year.
(See Page 2)
- **Residential Cross Connection Programs.** The Wisconsin DNR requires this information be sent every three years.
(See Page 5)
- **2025 Consumer Confidence Report (aka Water Quality Report).** The Wisconsin DNR requires distribution of this annual report.
(See Pages 6 to 11)



The District has a **Water Use Efficiency Ordinance** that is in effect from June 1st through September 30th. Watering is not allowed during the day from 11:00am to 6:00pm, and watering is only allowed on odd/even days that correspond to your address. Special Permits for watering newly installed lawns can be obtained from the District Office. More information about this Ordinance can be obtained at www.darboysanitary.com or by contacting the District Office at 920-788-6048.

Thank you for observing this ordinance.

High Water Usage? – Could be your toilet OR outside faucet!

Over the past year, there has been an increase in accounts with extremely high water use. Upon contacting the homeowner, we have found that many had internal plumbing issues, including toilets and outside faucets. In the average home, the toilet accounts for 28% of the water use. Toilet components will eventually fail and should be properly maintained. Toilet leaks lead to extremely high water use. Check for a leaking toilet by putting a couple drops of food coloring in the tank of the toilet. Allow 5 minutes and then check the bowl (sitting area) of the toilet. If food coloring shows up in the bowl, the toilet is leaking, and it may be time to call a plumber. **Leaks start small and only get bigger.**



WATER & SEWER RATES

DARBOY SANITARY DISTRICT - Water Rates - (Last Revised 05/01/2026)

General Service-Metered (Mg-1):

Quarterly Service Charges:

5/8 -inch meter:	\$ 18.00	3 -inch meter:	\$ 159.00
3/4 -inch meter:	\$ 18.00	4 -inch meter:	\$ 261.00
1 -inch meter:	\$ 30.00	6 -inch meter:	\$ 510.00
1 1/4 -inch meter:	\$ 45.00	8 -inch meter:	\$ 813.00
1 1/2 -inch meter:	\$ 57.00	10 -inch meter:	\$ 1,215.00
2 -inch meter:	\$ 87.00	12 -inch meter:	\$ 1,617.00

Plus Volume Charges:

First	50,000	gallons used each quarter:	\$ 4.79	per 1,000 gallons
Next	50,000	gallons used each quarter:	\$ 4.79	per 1,000 gallons
Over	100,000	gallons used each quarter:	\$ 4.79	per 1,000 gallons

Public Fire Protection Service (F-1):

The annual charge for public fire protection service to the Town of Buchanan, Village of Harrison, Village of Kimberly, and City of Appleton shall be calculated based on the agreements with each taxing authority, but not more in aggregate of \$296,454.

DARBOY SANITARY DISTRICT - Sewer Rates - (Last Revised 05/01/2023)

Quarterly Service Charges (Residential and Nonresidential):

5/8 -inch meter:	\$ 24.23	1 1/2 -inch meter:	\$ 104.63
3/4 -inch meter:	\$ 24.23	2 -inch meter:	\$ 124.63
1 -inch meter:	\$ 65.39	3 -inch meter:	\$ 154.63

Plus Volume Charges (Residential):

All	gallons used each quarter:	\$ 6.23	per 1,000 gallons
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Plus Volume Charges (Nonresidential):

All	gallons used each quarter:	\$ 8.06	per 1,000 gallons
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Late Payment Charge

Payments must be received in the office by the 20th of the month. Payments received after the 20th of the month are subject to late payment charges in the amount of 1% per month on the outstanding balance.

Reconnection Charges

Customers whose water service was disconnected for nonpayment of bills will be required to pay a \$30 reconnect charge during regular office hours or \$45 after regular office hours. These costs are subject to change based on pending rate studies. ALL reconnects requested after 6:00 pm will be completed the following day.

Bill Payment Options

1. Automatic Bill Payment: Call the District at 920-788-6048 to enroll or visit our website for a form.
2. Cash, Check, or Money Order (a \$35 fee will be charged for checks returned for insufficient funds)
 - dropped off or mailed to our office at N398 County Road N, Appleton WI 54915
 - a 24-hour drop box slot is located on the front of the building
 - Office Hours are Monday-Friday 8:00 am to 4:00 pm
3. The District accepts Credit or Debit Cards and Electronic Checks. (Online ONLY)
 - Visit our website at www.darboysanitary.com or call the District Office for assistance.
 - Please note that the customer is responsible for all convenience fees
4. Please Do Not drop your bill payment off in the drop box at the Town of Buchanan.

ELECTRONIC BILLING – It’s Here, and It’s Free

Unlike paper billings, electronic billings are sent to your smart phone or computer. That means customers can be just about anywhere in the world to receive them. Vacations, winters in Florida, and lost mail, no longer become issues. The District will also work on sending electronic reminders if any payment due dates are missed.



As a reminder, the District strongly encourages the use of Preauthorized Payment (no cost to you) as your method of bill payment. With Preauthorized Payment you can never miss a due date. SEE the back of this page for the one-time application and further information to begin electronic payments.

Electronic Billing Authorization

In order to start receiving an electronic bill (e-bill) and stop receiving a postcard bill, customers will be required to submit a completed E-Billing Authorization Form. Once the form is received and processed by the District, the District will send you an email confirming your email address and enrollment in the E-Billing Program. The email from the District will come from DSDmail@darboysanitary.com. This email address will need to be added to your safe senders list to avoid billings and future mailings from going into your spam folder.

To sign up for this service, complete the shaded portion of the form below and return to:

Darboy Sanitary District
N398 County Road N
Appleton, WI 54915

Questions? Please call us at 920-788-6048

AUTHORIZATION AGREEMENT FOR ELECTRONIC BILLING	
COMPANY NAME: DARBOY JOINT SANITARY DISTRICT NO. 1	
I hereby authorize the Darboy Sanitary District to email my quarterly utility bill to the email address listed below. I understand that I will no longer receive a postcard utility bill in the mail. I further understand that I must complete a new authorization if any information I provide below has changed, including the email address.	
This authorization will remain in effect until the Darboy Sanitary District has received written notification from the authorized parties to terminate this arrangement and has had a reasonable opportunity to act on it.	
NAME (Please Print)	UTILITY ACCOUNT NUMBER
SERVICE ADDRESS	TELEPHONE NUMBER
EMAIL ADDRESS	
SIGNATURE	DATE

Please note: The emails obtained by the District will only be used for District Purposes.

WE ACCEPT ELECTRONIC PAYMENTS

The Convenient and Safe Way to Pay

The Darboy Sanitary District strongly encourages the use of *Preauthorized Payment (no cost to you)* as your method of bill payment.



A quarterly bill will be sent as usual informing you of the amount owed. Payment is automatically deducted from your checking or savings account on the billing due date. This convenient payment option is available at no cost to you. This service will relieve you of the hassle of writing checks and making sure your payment is received on time.

To sign up for this service complete the shaded portion of the form below and return to:
Darboy Sanitary District, N398 County Road N, Appleton, WI 54915 along with a VOIDED CHECK or DEPOSIT SLIP showing the bank routing number and bank account number.

AUTHORIZATION AGREEMENT FOR AUTOMATIC WITHDRAWALS	
COMPANY NAME: DARBOY JOINT SANITARY DISTRICT NO. 1	
I (we) hereby authorize the Darboy Sanitary District to initiate debit entries to my (our) checking/savings account from the financial institution named below.	
FINANCIAL INSTITUTION:	BANK ROUTING NUMBER:
BRANCH STREET ADDRESS:	BANK ACCOUNT NUMBER
BRANCH CITY, STATE, ZIP	CHECKING ACCOUNT <input type="checkbox"/>
	SAVINGS ACCOUNT <input type="checkbox"/>
This authorization will remain in effect until the Darboy Sanitary District has received written notification from the authorized parties to terminate this payment arrangement and has had a reasonable opportunity to act on it. I agree that I am obligated to pay for utility services and insufficient fund charges in the event that a charge to my account is dishonored, for whatever reason, and the Darboy Sanitary District retains its normal collection rights.	
NAME (Please Print)	UTILITY ACCOUNT NUMBER
ADDRESS	TELEPHONE NUMBER
SIGNATURE	DATE
NAME (Please Print)	
SIGNATURE	DATE

CROSS CONNECTION CONTROLS

What is a Cross-Connection?



A cross-connection is an actual or potential connection between the safe drinking water (potable) supply and a source of contamination or pollution. State plumbing codes require approved backflow prevention methods to be installed at every point of potable water connection and use. Cross-Connections must be properly protected or eliminated.

How does contamination occur?

When you turn on your faucet, you expect the water to be as safe as when it left the Darboy Sanitary District's system. However, certain hydraulic conditions left unprotected within your plumbing system may allow hazardous substances to contaminate your own drinking water or even the public water supply. Water normally flows in one direction. However, under certain conditions water can actually flow backwards; this is known as backflow. There are two situations that can cause water to flow backward: backsiphonage and backpressure.

Backsiphonage

May occur due to a loss of pressure in the municipal water system during a fire fighting emergency, a water main break or system repair. This creates a siphon in your plumbing system which can draw water out of a sink or bucket and back into your water or public system.

Backpressure

May be created when a source of pressure (such as a boiler) creates a pressure greater than the pressure supplied from the public water system. This may cause contaminated water to be pushed into your plumbing system through an unprotected cross-connection.

NEVER:



- Leave a hose with an open end in a container, like a bucket of water for car washing.
- Leave a hose submerged in a swimming pool.
- Leave a hose connected to a laundry tub faucet submerged in a sink filled with soapy water.
- Use spray attachments without a backflow prevention device.
- Connect waste pipes from water softeners or other treatment systems directly to the sewer or submerged drain pipe.

ALWAYS:



- Maintain air gaps. Be sure there is an air gap between a source of drinking water and non-potable water (such as a filled sink) to prevent contamination.
- Have hose bib vacuum breakers on spray attachments and hose connections in the kitchen, basement, laundry room, and outside.
- Have anti-siphon ballcock assemblies on toilets.
- Keep the ends of hoses clear of all possible contaminants.

If you have any questions on the **Cross Connection Program**, please contact Pat Hennessey, Water Superintendent, at 920-788-6048.

THE DARBOY JOINT SANITARY DISTRICT NO. 1

2025 Consumer Confidence Report (Water Quality Report)

Este informe contiene información importante acerca de su agua potable. Haga que alguien lo traduzca para usted, o hable con alguien que lo entienda.

Dlaim ntawv tshaabzu nuav muaj lug tseemceeb heev nyob rua huv kws has txug cov dlej mej haus. Kuas ib tug paab txhais rua koj, los nrug ib tug kws paub lug thaam.

Consumer Confidence

In compliance with the 1996 Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA), we are once again pleased to provide you with this year's water quality report covering all testing performed through December 31, 2025. **The District is happy to report that, once again, the Water Utility has not had any water quality violations; our water is safe and exceeds federal and state requirements.** If you have any concerns about your water, we are available to assist you. Darboy Commission Meetings are held on the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at 8:00 a.m. at the District Office, N398 County Road N, Appleton WI 54915. Office phone is 920-788-6048.

For more information about this report, for any questions relating to your drinking water, or to obtain a summary of the source water assessment, please call Pat Hennessey, Water Superintendent, at 920-788-6048.

Health Information

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA's) **Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.**

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the EPA's **Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.**

Additional Health Information

Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. **Darboy Sanitary District has absolutely NO lead water service lines within its system. Also, the District has no detectible level of PFAS.** We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing, You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before using tap water for drinking, cooking, or making baby formula, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. **Boiling water does not remove lead from water.** If you have a lead or galvanized service line, you may need to flush your pipes for a longer period. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact Darboy Sanitary District (Patrick Hennessey at 920-788-6048). Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (1-800-426-4791) or at www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Additional Information on Service Line Materials

We have developed an inventory of service lines connected to our distribution system. Consumers can obtain a copy of the District's service line material inventory by going to the District Office, N398 County Road N, Appleton WI 54915 or calling 920-788-6048.

Educational Information: Contaminants that Might Be in Drinking Water

To ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Regulations established by the Food and Drug Administration limits contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health. The presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it can acquire naturally occurring minerals, in some cases, radioactive material; and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- **Microbial Contaminants**, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, or wildlife.
- **Inorganic Contaminants**, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or may result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- **Pesticides and herbicides**, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- **Organic Chemical Contaminants**, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and which may also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.
- **Radioactive Contaminants**, which can be naturally occurring or may be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

For more information about contaminants and potential health effects, call the U.S. EPA's
Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Definitions of Terms Used in the Report

AL	Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant, which if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements, which a water system must follow.
HA	Health Advisory: An estimate of acceptable drinking water levels for a chemical substance based on health effect information.
HAL	Health Advisory Level: the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, poses a health risk and may require a system to post a public notice. Health Advisories are determined by US EPA.
HI	Hazard Index: used to assess the potential health impacts associated with mixtures of contaminants. Hazard Index guidance for a class of contaminants or mixture of contaminants may be determined by the US EPA or Wisconsin Department of Health Services. If a Health Index is exceeded a system may be required to post a public notice.
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
MCLG	Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLG's allow for a margin of safety.
MRDL	Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
MRDLG	Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal; The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
pCi/l	picocuries per liter (a measure of the radioactivity in water).
ppm	parts per million (ppm) or milligrams per liter (mg/l).
ppb	parts per billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter (ug/l).
PHGS	Public Health Groundwater Standards: found in NR 140 Groundwater Quality. The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, poses a health risk and may require a system to post a public notice.
RPHGS	Recommended Public Health Groundwater Standards: Groundwater standards proposed by the WI Dept. of Health Services. The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, poses a health risk and may require a system to post a public notice.
SMCL	Secondary drinking water standards or Secondary Maximum Contaminant Levels for contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. The SMCLs do not represent health standards.

Detected Contaminants / Testing Information

Your water was tested for many contaminants last year. We are allowed to monitor for some contaminants less frequently than once a year. The following tables list only those contaminants which were detected in your water. If a contaminant was detected last year, it will appear in the following tables without a sample date. If the contaminant was not monitored last year, but was detected within the last 5 years, it will appear in the tables along with the sample date.



DARBOY SANITARY DISTRICT 2025 Consumer Confidence Report Data PWS ID: 44501171

Sources(s) of Water

Source ID	Source	Depth (in feet)	Status
1	Groundwater	525	Active
2	Groundwater	535	Active
3	Groundwater	535	Active
81	Purchased Groundwater (Kimberly)		Active

2025 DARBOY'S WATER QUALITY TEST RESULTS

Detected Contaminants

Your water was tested for many contaminants last year. We are allowed to monitor for some contaminants less frequently than once a year. The following tables list only those contaminants which were detected in your water. If a contaminant was detected last year, it will appear in the following tables without a sample date. If the contaminant was not monitored last year, but was detected within the last 5 years, it will appear in the tables below along with the sample date.

Contaminant (Units)	Site	MCL or Action Level (AL)	MCLG	Level Found	Range	Sample Date (if prior to 2025)	Violation	Typical Source of Contaminant
Disinfection Byproducts								
HAA5 (ppb)	H/T-1	60	60	2	2	7/19/2023	NO	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTHM (ppb)	H/T-1	80	0	7.3	7.3	7/19/2023	NO	By-product of drinking water chlorination
HAA5 (ppb)	H/T-2	60	60	3	3	7/19/2023	NO	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTHM (ppb)	H/T-2	80	0	10.9	10.9	7/19/2023	NO	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Inorganic Contaminants								
BARIUM (ppm)		2	2	0.005	0.001 - 0.005	3/2/2023	NO	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
FLUORIDE (ppm)		4	4	1.4	1.2 - 1.4	3/2/2023	NO	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
SODIUM (ppm)		n/a	n/a	380.00	220.00 - 380.00	3/2/2023	NO	n/a
COPPER (ppm)		AL=1.3	1.3	0.9400 (90 th Percentile)	1 of 30 results were above the action level	7/17/2023	NO	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives
LEAD (ppb)		AL=15	0	0.47 (90 th Percentile)	0 of 30 results were above the action level	7/17/2023	NO	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Radioactive Contaminants								
Gross Alpha, Excl. R & U (pCi/l)		15	0	1.8	0.0 - 1.8		NO	Erosion of natural deposits
Radium, (226 + 228) (pCi/l)		5	0	1.6	1.4 - 1.6		NO	Erosion of natural deposits
Gross Alpha, Incl. R & U (n/a)		n/a	n/a	2.0	0.1 - 2.0		NO	Erosion of natural deposits
Combined Uranium (ug/l)		30	0	0.3	0.3 - 0.3		NO	Erosion of natural deposits



DARBOY SANITARY DISTRICT 2025 Consumer Confidence Report Data PWS ID: 44501171

2025 DARBOY'S WATER QUALITY TEST RESULTS (continued)

Contaminants with a Public Health Groundwater Standard, Health Advisory Level or a Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level
The following table lists contaminants which were detected in your water and that have either a Public Health Groundwater Standard (PHGS), Health Advisory Level (HAL) or a Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level (SMCL), or both. There are no violations for detections of contaminants that exceed Health Advisory Levels, Public Health Groundwater Standards or Secondary Maximum Contaminant Levels. Secondary Maximum Contaminant Levels are levels that do not present health concerns but may pose aesthetic problems such as objectionable taste, odor, or color. Public Health Groundwater Standards and Health Advisory Levels are levels at which concentrations of the contaminant present a health risk.

Contaminant (Units)	SMCL (ppm)	PHGS or HAL (ppm)	Level Found	Range	Sample Date (if prior to 2025)	Typical Source of Contaminant
SULFATE	250		600.00	320.00 – 600.00	3/2/2023	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits, industrial wastes

Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule – (UCMR 5)

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulation is warranted. *EPA required us to participate in this monitoring.* Within the last 12 months we conducted Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring in accordance with US EPA rules. We are required to inform you of this sampling. We are only required to include results showing detections within this report; however, if you would like a copy of all results, please contact us at 920-788-6048.

Contaminant (Units)	Level Found	Sample Dates	Typical Source of Contaminant
LITHIUM (ug/l)	12	09/17/2024	
LITHIUM (ug/l)	14	03/18/2025	

**Health effects for any contaminants with MCL violations / Action Level exceedances / SMCL exceedances / HAL exceedances:
Contaminant Health Effects**

SULFATE Waters containing sulfate in quantities above the SMCL are not hazardous to health but may be objectionable for taste, odor, or color.

The Darboy water system did not monitor for cryptosporidium or radon during 2025. We are not required by State or Federal drinking water regulations to do so.

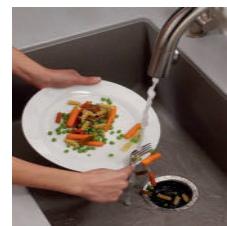
DID YOU KNOW?



Manufacturers of flushable wipes are quick to provide test results stating that flushable wipes are “deemed safe” to flush. Darboy Sanitary District and other sanitary sewer systems have found that the flushing of these wipes actually increases the risk of clogged sewer lines, including the line that connects your house to the District’s sanitary sewer system. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has issued requests for people to stop flushing these wipes down the toilet. The wipes do not break down as quickly and as well as toilet paper causing havoc to the sanitary sewer system.

Instead, wipes should be properly disposed of in the trash, not the toilet.

Another way to avoid clogs in your sanitary sewer lines is by being careful of what foods go down the garbage disposal. Many people use their garbage disposal as a trash can. Over time, this can lead to a buildup of solids increasing the risk of clogged sewer lines. Fats, oil, and grease solidify when cold. Once solidified they become a heap of paste which doesn’t pass through the drainage pipes and causes clogs. **To avoid clogs, dispose of food scraps in the trash and avoid pouring fats, oil, and grease into the drains. Fats, oil, and grease should be allowed to cool and solidify. Once solidified they can be disposed of in the trash.**





VILLAGE OF KIMBERLY 2025 Consumer Confidence Report Data PWS ID: 44503426

Darboy's water system purchases water from Kimberly Waterworks (PWS ID 44503426). For that reason, testing results from Kimberly are also included in the following tables.

2025 KIMBERLY'S WATER QUALITY TEST RESULTS

Sources(s) of Water

Source ID	Source	Depth (in feet)	Status
1	Groundwater	760	Active
2	Groundwater	804	Active
3	Groundwater	740	Active

Regulated Contaminants - Detected

Contaminant (Units)	MCL	MCLG	Level Found	Range	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source of Contaminant
ARSENIC (ppb)	10	n/a	1	0 – 1	7/25/2023	NO	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
BARIUM (ppm)	2	2	0.006	0.001 – 0.006	7/25/2023	NO	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
FLUORIDE (ppm)	4	4	1.2	1.0 – 1.2	5/9/2023	NO	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
NICKEL (ppm)	100	n/a	1.6	0 – 1.6	5/9/2023	NO	Nickel occurs naturally in soils, ground water and surface waters and is often used in electroplating, stainless steel and alloy products
SODIUM (ppm)	n/a	n/a	260	150 – 260	5/9/2023	NO	n/a
Gross Alpha, Excl. R & U (pCi/l)	15	0	7.9	4.7 – 7.9		NO	Erosion of natural deposits
Radium, (226+228) (pCi/l)	5	0	4.0	1.2 – 4.0		NO	Erosion of natural deposits
Gross Alpha, Incl. R & U (n/a)	n/a	n/a	8.1	4.9 – 8.1		NO	Erosion of natural deposits
Combined Uranium (ug/l)	30	0	0.3	0.3 – 0.3		NO	Erosion of natural deposits
HAA5 (ppb) Site B-11	60	60	2	0 – 2.0		NO	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTHM (ppb) Site B-5	80	0	14.9	0.0 – 14.9		NO	By-product of drinking water chlorination

Contaminant (Units)	Action Level	MCLG	90 th Percentile Level Found	# of Results Above Action Level	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source of Contaminant
COPPER (ppm)	AL=1.3	1.3	0.13 (90 th Percentile)	0 of 20 results were above the action level	8/21/2023	NO	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
LEAD (ppb)	AL=15	0	13 (90 th Percentile)	2 of 20 results were above the action level	8/21/2023	NO	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits



VILLAGE OF KIMBERLY
2025 Consumer Confidence Report Data (cont'd)
PWS ID: 44503426

2025 KIMBERLY'S WATER QUALITY TEST RESULTS (continued)

Volatile Organic Contaminants

Contaminant (Units)	MCL	MCLG	Level Found	Range	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source of Contaminant
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE (ppb)	70	70	0.4	0.0 – 0.4	2023	NO	Discharge from industrial chemical factories
STYRENE (ppb)	100	100	0.6	0.0 – 0.6	2023	NO	Discharge from rubber and plastic factories; Leaching from landfills

Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule (UCMR 5)

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulation is warranted. EPA required us to participate in this monitoring UCMR 5 included testing for 29 PFAS and Lithium compounds. Our water system did not have any detected results of PFAS compounds in 2023. Lithium was found in the range of 9.3 (ppb) to 12 (ppb).

The Kimberly water system did not monitor for cryptosporidium or radon in 2025. State or Federal drinking water regulations did not require them to do so.

DID YOU KNOW?

SUMMERTIME WATERING CREDITS

The District understands that during the summer, residential water use may increase for events where the water being used does not enter the sewer system, such as watering lawns. For the two summer billing quarters, residential customers using water in excess of 120% of their average winter water usage are given a Summertime Watering Credit. You pay for all the water used, but get a credit on the sewer portion of the bill for water not entering the sewer system. **The watering credit is automatically calculated and applied by the billing system. It is not necessary to call the District to get a watering credit if you are lawn watering, filling pools, watering a garden, etc.**

SUMP PUMP VIOLATIONS: BEWARE



The District recently completed a study that showed significant increases in the volume of wastewater that is being discharged in the sanitary sewer system during and after rain events. It has been determined that a portion of this increase is due to homes that have their sump pumps plumbed to discharge into the sanitary sewer system.

By Ordinance it is unlawful to have sump pump discharges connected to the sanitary sewer system. A sump pump collects storm water that should be discharged to the stormwater system.

The District will be televising sewer lines to help identify violations, and the violators will be fined.



DARBOY JOINT SANITARY DISTRICT NO. 1
N398 COUNTY ROAD N
APPLETON, WI 54915

PLEASE READ – CONTAINS IMPORTANT INFORMATION

The Darboy Joint Sanitary District is governed by three commissioners who are appointed to 6-year terms.

The current commissioners are:

**George Schmidt
Randy Verhagen
Bruce Corning**

The Commissioners meet on the second and fourth Tuesdays of the month at 8:00 A.M. at the District Office. Anyone wishing to learn more about the utility operations is invited to attend the regularly scheduled meetings.



The Darboy Sanitary District Office:

N398 County Road N
Appleton, WI 54915

Office Hours: 8:00 A.M.- 4:00 P.M. Monday thru Friday
Phone: 920-788-6048
Fax: 920-788-6130

Website: www.darboysanitary.com

OUR EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS

Emergency phone numbers are also listed on the answering machine for after-hour emergencies.

**920-734-7247 • 920-419-2611
920-358-4428 • 920-948-8018**

We ask that these numbers only be used in the event of an emergency. Questions about billings, payments, or other matters can be taken care of during regular office hours by calling 920-788-6048.

If your call is not answered during the business hours listed, please leave a message and we will respond as quickly as possible.



With the increasing number of cell phones, it is getting more difficult to contact customers.

Please give us a call at 920-788-6048 if your phone number or email address changes.